	Case No. SCSL-2004-15-T THE PROSECUTOR OF THE SPECIAL COURT V. ISSA SESAY MORRIS KALLON AUGUSTINE GBAO
	FRIDAY, 27 OCTOBER 2006 9.43 A.M. STATUS CONFERENCE
	TRIAL CHAMBER I
Before the Judges:	Bankole Thompson, Presiding Pierre Boutet Benjamin Mutanga Itoe
For Chambers:	Ms Candice Welsch Mr Matteo Crippa
For the Registry:	Mr Thomas George Mr Nikolaus Toufar
For the Prosecution:	Mr Peter Harrison Mr Mohamed Bangura Ms Tamara Peters (Case manager) Ms Amira Hudroge (intern)
For the accused Issa Sesay:	Mr Wayne Jordash Mr Jared Kneitel Mr Dumbuya
For the accused Morris Kallon:	Mr Melron Nicol-Wilson Ms Sabrina Mahtani
For the accused Augustine Gbao:	

1	[RUF270CT06A- CR]
2	Friday, 27 October 2006
3	[The accused present]
4	[Status Conference]
5	[Open session]
6	[Upon commencing at 9.43 a.m.]
7	PRESIDING JUDGE: Good morning, counsel. This proceeding
8	is in the nature of a status conference. May I have
9	representations, please? Prosecution.
10	MR HARRISON: Harrison, initials PH, appearing for the
11	Prosecution and, also, Bangura, initial M.
12	PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. First accused.
13	MR JORDASH: For the first accused, myself, Wayne Jordash,
14	and Jared Kneitel.
15	PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Second accused.
16	MR NICOL-WILSON: Your Honours, Melron Nicol-Wilson and
17	Sabrina Mahtani.
18	PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Third accused.
19	MR JORDASH: I've been asked by Mr O'Shea to represent
20	Mr Gbao's interest.
21	PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. And you have been reinforced by
22	the Defence office. Do we take that as correct?
23	MR DUMBUYA: Yes, Your Honours.
24	PRESIDING JUDGE: Thanks. The records will reflect that.
25	MR JORDASH: Could I, whilst the preliminary matters are
26	being dealt with, deal with the issue of Mr Gbao's absence?
27	There seems to be some confusion.
28	PRESIDING JUDGE: Right, let's hear that.

29 MR JORDASH: There is a form which has been ticked, which

suggests he has not waivered, and then there is an explanation 1 2 which suggests a reason for why he was waivered. Mr Dumbuya was 3 pursuing the inquiries when Your Honours came into Court. Perhaps if I can request Your Honours' leave for Mr Dumbuya to 4 5 continue those inquiries. I suspect it's not very complicated and we'll have an answer guite guickly that Mr Gbao does or does 6 7 not want to come to Court. 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: Leave is granted. 9 MR DUMBUYA: Good morning, Your Honours. 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: Good morning. 11 MR DUMBUYA: I was shown this morning a paper by one of the 12 staff from the Registry that Mr Gbao has not waived his rights, 13 but I telephoned him this morning to inquire about it, and he 14 told me categorically that he has not signed any waiver this 15 morning, and it was at that point that you came into Court when I took my seat. I was just telling Mr Jordash, that if I could be 16 17 given the opportunity, which I am asking Your Honours now, to go 18 into the detention, so that I can clarify that issue. 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: We can grant you leave and, of course, this will not detract the Court from the business of the day. 20 21 MR DUMBUYA: Thank you, Your Honours. PRESIDING JUDGE: Let's move on. Counsel, the agenda items 22 for today's status conference are as follows: 1. Health of 23 24 accused persons; 2. Detention issues; 3. Defence case 25 presentation; 4. Witness-related issues; 5. Filing of Defence 26 materials; 6. Statement of agreed and contested facts and 27 issues; 7. Opening statements; 8. Outstanding motions; and 9. Any other matters. 28 29 This status conference is being held pursuant to Rule 65bis

1 of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence to consider the 2 implementing modalities for the preparation and presentation of 3 the Defence case in the RUF trial. Rule 65bis reads as follows: 4 "A status conference may be convened by the designated judge or 5 by the Trial Chamber. The status conference shall: 1. Organise exchanges between the parties so as to ensure expeditious trial 6 7 proceedings; 2. Review the status of his case, and to allow the 8 accused the opportunity to raise issues in relation thereto." 9 Mr Jordash, are there any health issues that you intend to 10 raise in respect of your client? 11 MR JORDASH: The same one, the issue of Mr Sesay's 12 outstanding operation. 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. 14 MR JORDASH: I can see a member of the Registry here. 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. MR JORDASH: I don't know if they are here to deal with the 16 17 subject. 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: In other words, you are more or less 19 considering your right at this stage to talk about that, in the light of the presence of someone from the Registry? 20 21 MR JORDASH: They know more than I. PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. 22 MR JORDASH: In fact, I think a number of people around the 23 Court know more than I. 24 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: I will not respond to that. Yes, we 26 advise that the Registry's legal adviser is here to update us on the developments on the subject of, I think the phrase now is 27 28 medical evacuation, in respect of the first accused. Mr Toufar, 29 please report to the Court.

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MR TOUFAR: Thank you, Your Honour. On behalf of the Registry, I would like to report that, following the directions of the Trial Chamber, the Registrar's office intensified its efforts to ensure that the appropriate arrangements were put in place to enable --PRESIDING JUDGE: Please stand up for --MR TOUFAR: I apologise. PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Toufar, the tradition is, when you address the Bench, you stand up. MR TOUFAR: I do apologise. PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. Just a reminder. Proceed. MR TOUFAR: Okay. On behalf of the Registry, I would like to report that, following the directions of the Trial Chamber, the Registrar's office intensified its efforts to ensure that the appropriate arrangements are put in place to enable the first accused to receive medical treatment, locally or abroad, and the Registrar's office took the necessary arrangements in this regard. At this point of time, we can report that arrangements have been concluded with a particular state to enable the first accused to receive treatment in that state. There are other formalities and practicalities which are being worked out, as we speak. Thank you. PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you very much for that report. Mr Jordash. MR JORDASH: I'm grateful to Mr Toufar for the indication and I should say I spoke to him, I think about two weeks ago, and he updated me with that information. Clearly, what isn't

29 indicated by the report is when the operation will take place.

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PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. Yes. 1 2 MR JORDASH: I understand that it's pending, and it's 3 waiting on the operational modalities to be worked out. PRESIDING JUDGE: Quite right. And these are subjects 4 5 which we cannot make any definitive pronouncements on, and also any kind of -- all we can do, I think, at this stage, is to urge 6 7 them, again, to intensify their efforts to complete those aspects 8 of the matter. 9 MR JORDASH: Yes. Could I also request that information be 10 passed to me so I can pass that to Mr Sesay? 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. 12 MR JORDASH: People have gone into the detention centre to 13 take his photograph for a passport. They've taken other measures 14 to ensure this happens, but, at no stage, and this has been an 15 ongoing issue, has anyone come to me with any official report and said, "Mr Jordash, this is happening. Please report this to your 16 17 client." I've had an informal contact with somebody in the 18 Court, who reports meetings happening with various section heads; 19 information about Mr Sesay's private medical details are 20 discussed; operational steps are discussed and, yet, nobody sees 21 fit to pass that to his Defence team, who can pass that information to Mr Sesay. More importantly, of course, no one 22 sees fit to pass that information to Mr Sesay. 23 PRESIDING JUDGE: Speaking for myself, that sounds very 24 25 much like an unfortunate trend of things. I would, in fact, take 26 the view that these are matters which are of concern, given the

27 right that you are, in fact, representing your client in every 28 respect. Perhaps the best thing to do is, when you leave the 29 Chamber today, to put this in writing to the Registrar, making

these observations quite clearly, and clearly deploring, because that's the way I would say this breakdown in communication -- I'm particularly intrigued to hear that such arrangements would be afoot, and the lawyer who is the bona fide, and the credited representative of the client, is more or less kept in the dark. MR JORDASH: Yes.

7 PRESIDING JUDGE: So I'm really shocked, and I think you8 need to write a strong letter of protest.

9 MR JORDASH: I will make sure that it is done. But can I 10 say that it was no criticism of the representative in Court who 11 has done his best, as far as he can, to inform me what is going 12 on.

PRESIDING JUDGE: I can tell you what I think. Once more, when little organisations try to be very bureaucratic, these are some of the lapses. But they need some of us, like you, to keep reminding them that they're dealing with human beings.

MR JORDASH: Thank you, Your Honour. I appreciate thosecomments.

JUDGE BOUTET: Mr Presiding Judge, if I may. It's not to 19 defend anybody, and you raise the issue that the health condition 20 21 of your client are being discussed. We have commented in the 22 past, not necessarily about your own client, about the privacy, but at the same time, I think you will also recognise that his 23 24 health condition has been raised in Court publicly. So whether 25 or not he has a medical problem, he is fairly well known, so how extensive is the problem, I don't know. I only know what you 26 have informed us, but I'm not a doctor. I don't know how and to 27 28 what extent now that this has been discussed in meetings. I 29 would ask you, as well, when you write about this particular

matter, to urge whoever it is to be careful about the privacy of 1 2 your client, as such. I don't know, there might be other medical 3 conditions associated with it that I'm not aware, and it is not the business of other people, unless there is a consent. The 4 5 mere fact that one is detained does not make it an open case for publication of whatever health condition that person may have. 6 7 So, there is discretion that needs to be maintained, but I say 8 this with a caveat that some of that information is in the public 9 domain. I think it is important, because you have raised the 10 issue, that his conditions and his health conditions are being 11 discussed without your knowledge or without his consent, but 12 there is some of it that may be discussed, because, as I say, 13 it's public knowledge, but not all of it. 14 MR JORDASH: Your Honour, I'm grateful for those comments 15 as well. PRESIDING JUDGE: As I say, for me, what is particularly 16 17 troubling is the fact that you are probably left out of the 18 picture. It's unacceptable. It's certainly unacceptable. MR JORDASH: Thank you. 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: You're on record as representing him and 20 21 you've been doing your best to do that with all the diligence, 22 and no administrative lapse should justify that. I think they need to be reminded of that. That's my own position. 23 24 MR JORDASH: A letter will be sent. Thank you. 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Let's move on. Second accused, anything 26 to report on the health of the accused? 27 MR NICOL-WILSON: Your Honours, the second accused is in good health. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Mr Jordash, anything you want 29

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1 to say in respect of the third accused? 2 MR JORDASH: I've had no issues reported to me by Mr O'Shea 3 in relation to Mr Gbao's health. 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. Detention issues. Any there 5 any detention issues that you want to raise, getting back to you, Mr Jordash? 6 7 MR JORDASH: I would like to raise something, but I'd like 8 to do that in a closed session. 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. At the end of the status 10 conference. MR JORDASH: Yes, please. 11 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Or before we conclude the status 13 conference. MR JORDASH: Yes, please. 14 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: All right. JUDGE BOUTET: If I may, Mr Jordash, is that for the 16 17 detention issue? Do you wish people from detention to be here or 18 a representative from the Registrar? MR JORDASH: Not to continue Mr Toufar's -- not to detain 19 him for too long, but it might be useful if he remained. 20 21 JUDGE BOUTET: I'm just asking that because I don't know what you will be raising, but it might be of interest to us to be 22 able to convey some of these messages to whoever, I don't know. 23 24 MR JORDASH: I think it would be certainly useful for him 25 to remain. It is an issue for the Registry, as I see it. PRESIDING JUDGE: Not for the detention facility? 26 27 MR JORDASH: Not for detention; related to them, but the issue will relate to a decision, a mechanism to be put into place 28 29 with the Registry.

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1 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. Then, Mr Toufar, we will ask 2 you to stay. This is not likely to be a very gruelling 3 proceeding, so I'm sure that you can forego your time. 4 Mr Nicol-Wilson, any issue in respect of your client? 5 MR NICOL-WILSON: None, Your Honours. PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Jordash, in your capacity on behalf of 6 7 the third accused, anything? 8 MR JORDASH: Nothing for Mr Gbao, either. 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Well, let's move on to the Defence case 10 preparation. As we all recall, the trial of the RUF case 11 commenced on the 5th of July 2004, and the Prosecution closed its 12 case on the 2nd of August 2006, after 182 days of trial. On the 13 25th of October 2006, this Trial Chamber delivered its oral 14 decision on Defence motions for judgment of acquittal, pursuant 15 to Rule 98 of the Rules. Each of the Defence motions was 16 dismissed, although the Trial Chamber found that no evidence had 17 been adduced by the Prosecution in relation to several 18 geographical locations pleaded in the indictment in various counts. Consequently, each accused has been put to his election 19 to call evidence, if he so desires. 20 21 This status conference has been called pursuant to the 22 scheduling order for status conference, issued on the 25th of October 2006, for the purpose of working out the implementing 23 24 modalities for the preparation and presentation of the Defence 25 case. In that order, the Chamber indicated various issues that 26 the parties, and, in particular, the Defence, should be prepared to address in Court today. We can begin straightaway with the 27 witness-related issues and focusing specifically on the number of 28 Defence witnesses. Can the Defence for the first accused 29

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indicate the number of witnesses it intends to call, and also 1 2 whether there will be any common witnesses with other Defence 3 teams, and whether there are going to be character witnesses. 4 Mr Jordash, here, we are urging that you give us some hard 5 figures, even if they are by way of estimations or approximations, merely for the purpose of constructive planning. 6 7 MR JORDASH: Certainly. I'll do my best. 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: Do the best you can. 9 MR JORDASH: They are estimates, because we are still 10 investigating, and we are still seeing the witnesses we have. I 11 think we will have an overall list of approximately 300, with a 12 core list of about 100, and I would hope to call approximately 13 100 witnesses. We will take our lead from the Prosecution and 14 have a back-up list and a core list. 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. Any further details on that, at this stage? Or that's just what we can content ourselves with 16 17 for the time being? 18 MR JORDASH: Well, in relation to the other questions --PRESIDING JUDGE: For example, whether there will be any 19 common witnesses with any other Defence teams, do you have any 20 21 estimate? MR JORDASH: We haven't, in our investigations, worked with 22 the other teams, and as far as I am concerned, my tendency is not 23 to, but I wouldn't rule it out. 24 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: So, in other words, for the time being, 26 you're not likely to do that? MR JORDASH: No, not likely, either as joint factual 27 witnesses or joint experts. I don't intend to do that. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. 29

1 JUDGE BOUTET: If I may, Mr Presiding Judge. I know you 2 are doing your own investigation with your own people, your 3 staff. At this stage, you've not shared any of this information, from what I hear, with other teams. But, as we move along, is it 4 5 likely that you're going to share some of your decisions with other teams? I'm just raising that as a possible issue that may 6 7 achieve some positive result in a sense that -- I don't know if 8 you're calling witnesses about factual issues, as such, in one 9 particular location, as such, presumably. As I say, witnesses 10 are likely to be called by accused number two and number three on that factual scenario, as such. That's what I mean. 11

12 MR JORDASH: Certainly.

13 JUDGE BOUTET: Now, I know you're the first one to lead 14 this evidence, so it's difficult for you to know if the other 15 ones are common or not. It's more for the other ones to inform the Court, I would imagine, of their common grounds with you, 16 rather than the opposite. But can we accept, and think that 17 18 there will be some co-ordination, if I can use this word, between your team and the other teams. We are some time away from 19 starting your case, but especially the case for the second 20 21 accused or the third accused, but any effort made in that 22 direction will certainly be of assistance not only to you, but to 23 us as well.

MR JORDASH: Certainly. I can say at this stage, I see no value in -- I see value in brevity in presenting a Defence case, for sure, and I have no intention of leading a case which is long, simply for the sake of leading a case which is long. I can see that there are areas which there are common interests, and I have in mind, particularly, December '98 in the Bombali,

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1 Tonkolili District through parts of 1999, and certainly during 2 the disarmament period, but there are parts of this case, which 3 there certainly could not be joint witnesses. I have in mind the Kono crime base, particularly. I can assure the Court I will do 4 5 everything I can to negotiate with my co-accused to present the briefest of cases. Having spoken to Mr O'Shea, I know he's 6 7 unable to give any certainty one way or the other, but he 8 certainly expressed his interest also in proceeding with joint 9 witnesses, if it is at all possible. Again, I think the Bombali, 10 Tonkolili 1998, 1999, Makeni 2000, perhaps, again lends itself to 11 some sort of joint co-ordination with the third accused as well. 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Before you sit down, and I move on to the 13 next accused, at this point in time, do you envisage calling any 14 character witnesses? 15 MR JORDASH: Yes. I would certainly want to call live 16 certain character witnesses. 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, but you don't have any hard figures 18 at this time, or do you have approximations? 19 MR JORDASH: I think character witnesses, I would estimate at around -- well, let me put it this way: I would like to call 20 21 about ten live, but I can envisage applying pursuant to 92bis in relation to, say, perhaps 30 or 40 more. 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. 23 MR JORDASH: They, though, were not included, the 30 or 40 24 25 92bis wouldn't be included in the 100 core list. PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Counsel for the second 26 accused, I put to you the same question. In other words, can you 27 indicate the number of witnesses at this stage, again, asking 28 29 merely for approximations and estimations, total number of

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1 witnesses.

2	MR NICOL-WILSON: Yes, Your Honours. At the moment
3	investigations are still ongoing. The numbers I would give would
4	be by means of approximation. We have about 150 witnesses, and
5	then we intend to categorise them into 75 core witnesses and 75
6	back-up, but we certainly do not intend to call more than 75
7	witnesses. Then on the issue of common witnesses, we've not yet
8	compiled our witness list yet.
9	PRESIDING JUDGE: But is that a real
10	MR NICOL-WILSON: There is a possibility
11	PRESIDING JUDGE: real option for you?
12	MR NICOL-WILSON: Yes, we would very much want to, but then
13	we have not seen the witness list of the other [indiscernible]
14	and so we don't know whether we have common witnesses at this
15	stage. I'm sure as we get along, we'll be able to find out. We
16	also intend to call character witnesses, but no
17	PRESIDING JUDGE: No figures yet.
18	MR NICOL-WILSON: at the moment.
19	PRESIDING JUDGE: On the high side or the low side, just
19 20	PRESIDING JUDGE: On the high side or the low side, just off the cuff.
20	off the cuff.
20 21	off the cuff. MR NICOL-WILSON: Between ten and 50.
20 21 22	off the cuff. MR NICOL-WILSON: Between ten and 50. PRESIDING JUDGE: All right. Thank you. Mr Jordash, for
20 21 22 23	off the cuff. MR NICOL-WILSON: Between ten and 50. PRESIDING JUDGE: All right. Thank you. Mr Jordash, for the third accused.
20 21 22 23 24	off the cuff. MR NICOL-WILSON: Between ten and 50. PRESIDING JUDGE: All right. Thank you. Mr Jordash, for the third accused. MR JORDASH: On behalf of Mr Gbao, they have 50 witnesses
20 21 22 23 24 25	off the cuff. MR NICOL-WILSON: Between ten and 50. PRESIDING JUDGE: All right. Thank you. Mr Jordash, for the third accused. MR JORDASH: On behalf of Mr Gbao, they have 50 witnesses so far. They envisage more, given the lateness of their
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	off the cuff. MR NICOL-WILSON: Between ten and 50. PRESIDING JUDGE: All right. Thank you. Mr Jordash, for the third accused. MR JORDASH: On behalf of Mr Gbao, they have 50 witnesses so far. They envisage more, given the lateness of their instructions, and the late commencement of their investigation.

1 pattern? 2 MR JORDASH: I suspect so, but I don't have instructions on 3 that. 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: Quite. 5 MR JORDASH: In terms of joint witnesses, the issue is an 6 open one and, again, I think, if at all possible, in order to 7 ensure judicial economy. 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, and character witnesses is also a 9 possibility. MR JORDASH: That, I don't have instructions on. 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. We probably might have Mr --11 12 the representative from the Defence office fill in those gaps 13 when he comes. 14 In addition, the Chamber notes that Rule 85(C) of the Rules 15 provides that the accused persons, may, if they desire, appear as witnesses in their own Defence, because the Rule states clearly 16 that the accused may, if he so desires, appear as a witness in 17 18 his own defence. If he chooses to do so, he shall give evidence under oath or affirmation, and, as the case may be, thereafter 19 call his witnesses. The question now is, Mr Jordash, will your 20 21 client be testifying at the trial? MR JORDASH: No final decision has been made. 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Probabilities? 23 24 MR JORDASH: The wind is blowing in the direction of him 25 testifying. PRESIDING JUDGE: A high probability. 26 MR JORDASH: A probability, moving towards the high 27 probability. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. We'll take that. 29

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1 JUDGE ITOE: A probability being what? The high 2 probability being what? 3 MR JORDASH: That he will testify. Somewhere between 4 probable and highly probable. 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Highly probable. All right. I ask the 6 same question in respect of the second accused. What is the 7 probability? 8 MR NICOL-WILSON: Well, the second accused has expressed an 9 intention to testify. 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: So, in fact, put it as a certainty? MR NICOL-WILSON: No, well, it is a probability, because we 11 12 are still studying this position and we will provide necessary 13 advice to him, and then come to a conclusion. 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: So probability here, too. And you don't 15 want to go the way Mr Jordash did? MR NICOL-WILSON: No. 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: Low to high. 17 18 MR NICOL-WILSON: No. The chances are 50/50. PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Jordash, speaking on behalf of the 19 third accused, what's your information to the Court? 20 21 MR JORDASH: Apparently Mr Gbao has indicated an intention too, but the issue is an open one. 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right, an intention to testify. Right. 23 24 Well, let's go back. Let's cover Rule 92bis witnesses. You've 25 already indicated -- but do you have any estimates for us? Rule 26 92bis, or is it too early for you to give us any firm 27 indications, but definitely, yes, you will be calling 92bis 28 witnesses? MR JORDASH: Yes. The ones I've indicated in relation to 29

1 character witnesses. Perhaps I can't be very accurate, but I can say that I see a value in using the 92bis to shorten the 2 3 proceedings. 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. In other words, to reduce the 5 back-up and the core, or something? 6 MR JORDASH: Yes. And having seen the difficulty of 7 cross-examining TF1-334, I can see the forensic value in it as 8 well. 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay, fine. Mr Nicol-Wilson, what's your 10 position regarding 92bis witnesses? 11 MR NICOL-WILSON: Your Honours, we do not have any definite 12 figures at the moment. 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: But you intend to make use of that 14 machinery? 15 MR NICOL-WILSON: Definitely. PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Jordash, speaking for third accused? 16 17 MR JORDASH: I don't have instructions on that, I'm afraid. 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thanks. Now, expert witnesses, back to you, Mr Jordash. Do you intend to call expert witnesses, and 19 about how many? 20 21 MR JORDASH: I think about four. PRESIDING JUDGE: About four experts, okay. In terms of 22 the nature of their proposed testimony, do you anticipate giving 23 us some kind of overview? 24 MR JORDASH: Certainly. One would be anthropological. 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Anthropological. 26 27 MR JORDASH: In terms of the RUF as an organisation, and the nature of the conflict. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, anthropological. 29

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1 MR JORDASH: Two would be a military expert; three would be 2 a child psychologist; and four, and this is more tentative than 3 the others, an expert in the diamond mining industry. There is a 4 fifth, but this is very, very much an issue which is unsettled. 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. 6 MR JORDASH: Which is medical evidence dealing with 7 Mr Sesay's injury sustained at Bo. 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: A medical expert, yes. 9 MR JORDASH: Certainly the first three I indicated are 10 certainties. I should hesitate to use that word, but as certain 11 as I can be about that it's going to happen. 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: But you have no thoughts yet on when the 13 reports will be disclosed? You've not given that a thought at 14 all? 15 MR JORDASH: If I can put it this way, and I don't want to jump back on to my old hobby horse, but there have been a number 16 17 of factual allegations served throughout the Prosecution case. 18 The reality is that, until the end of the Prosecution case, it has not been possible to have a full understanding of the 19 Prosecution case. It's therefore not been possible to instruct 20 21 experts until the end of the Prosecution case, and we are racing against the clock to do that now. We've identified them, we've 22 approached them, and it's simply an issue of getting them going 23 24 with their work. I anticipate that, in relation to the child 25 psychologist, the anthropological expert, and the military 26 expert, probably we could be in a position to serve the reports in about two to three months. 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. 28 29 MR JORDASH: I would certainly want to be settled with

1 expert evidence, in terms of what we will be presenting, before 2 the beginning of the case for the Defence, but obviously it is 3 dependent, to a certain extent, on when they can come to do their work, and their professional commitments. 4 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Mr Nicol-Wilson, I ask the same questions of you. 6 7 MR NICOL-WILSON: Your Honours, we will be calling two 8 expert witnesses. One will be an expert on command position and 9 command within the structure of a guerilla army, as opposed to a 10 regular army, with specific reference to the RUF. PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. 11 12 MR NICOL-WILSON: And the second expert will be on age 13 verification of alleged child combatants. 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. 15 MR NICOL-WILSON: We hope to have both expert reports ready by the end of January next year, which is about three months. 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Mr Jordash, for the third 17 18 accused. MR JORDASH: I think they haven't yet appointed any 19 experts. At least that's the position -- but I can say that I 20 21 think they're waiting, to a certain extent, to see what happens 22 with the first and second accused. PRESIDING JUDGE: Let's move on to protective measures. 23 24 The Chamber is advised that the Defence for the first accused has 25 filed a motion for protective measures for its witnesses. Do the 26 other Defence teams intend to seek protective measures for their 27 witnesses? MR NICOL-WILSON: Yes, Your Honours, we do on behalf of the 28 second accused. 29
1 PRESIDING JUDGE: And you will be filing a motion in due 2 course? 3 MR NICOL-WILSON: In due course. 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Jordash, do you have any knowledge 5 about that issue in respect of the third accused? MR JORDASH: They will seek the same protection as those 6 7 enjoyed by the Prosecution witnesses. 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. Special defences. Pursuant 9 to Rule 67 of our Rules, the Defence shall notify the Prosecutor 10 of its intent to enter the defence of alibi and/or any special 11 defence, including that of diminished or lack of mental 12 responsibility. The second accused, in his defence pre-trial 13 brief of 1 July 2004, indicated that he reserves the right to 14 enter, and I quote here "any special defence it hopes to rely 15 on." The other Defence teams did not make any reference to special defences so far. Can we have your position now? First 16 17 accused? 18 MR JORDASH: No special defences. PRESIDING JUDGE: No special defences. Second accused? 19 MR NICOL-WILSON: Your Honours, I cannot say at this stage, 20 21 but this is a position we will look into. PRESIDING JUDGE: You took a position in your pre-trial 22 brief. Didn't you take a position in the pre-trial brief that 23 you reserve the right, but you've not done anything? 24 MR NICOL-WILSON: Yes, Your Honours. 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: You still want to reserve the right. 26 MR NICOL-WILSON: We still want to do that and get back to 27 the Chamber in due course. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Jordash, you have nothing in respect 29

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1 of the third accused? Is he going to raise any special defence? 2 MR JORDASH: I don't know in relation to that. I am sorry. 3 JUDGE BOUTET: Mr Jordash, you indicated that you do not intend to raise any special defence in your use of special 4 5 defence, you would include alibi for that purpose? I say this, because in the Rules, it's under 67(A)(ii)(a), the defence of 6 7 alibi and (b) is special defence, so they're separated. So the 8 indications are there is alibi, and then special defence separate 9 and apart. I took your comment to be you do not intend to raise 10 any defence of alibi, or any other special defence. I just want to have the matter clear, if possible. 11

12 MR JORDASH: Well, two aspects of the defence jump to mind 13 in relation to alibi: One is the dispute in relation to whether 14 we were present at the Kono crime base from around February 1998 15 until our return in December 1998. The thrust of the Prosecution 16 case seems to be that we weren't there, but there are witnesses 17 who say we were. We say we were never there. That's one aspect. 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: In that regard, you may rely on the alibi, the technical defence of alibi? You may. 19 MR JORDASH: It's an inconsistent Prosecution case. They 20 21 say, overall, we were not there, and we agree with them. PRESIDING JUDGE: That's the point. What do you say? 22 MR JORDASH: We say we were not there. They say -- well, 23 they say lots of things, wear lots of shoes. 24 25 JUDGE BOUTET: But you say you are there, not there. They are not saying you're not there. They are saying both. 26 MR JORDASH: Well, they also say there is an Issa Camp at 27 the Guinea Highway. I don't intend to call evidence to disprove 28

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that allegation. The majority of witnesses say we're not there,

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1 according to the Prosecution. 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: So, in other words, they've raised the 3 alibi for you, wouldn't you say? 4 MR JORDASH: In a sense. It may be something that we can 5 deal with by way of agreed facts, although I suspect the Prosecution would rather have both positions. 6 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: It may be something, too, that comes 8 under the rubric of reasonable doubt. 9 MR JORDASH: Well, I wouldn't certainly say that, but -- to 10 cut this short, I would say that I don't intend to file an 11 alibi --PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. 12 13 MR JORDASH: -- unless that is raised by the Prosecution, 14 and they want to see one, then I would be happy to do it. 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay. 16 MR JORDASH: Then in relation to the second issue, would be 17 whether Mr Sesay was present at the abduction of peacekeepers in 18 Makeni. Again, it would seem the thrust of the Prosecution case, 19 aside from TF1-366, would be that we're not there. TF1-117, I think, also said we were there. I think the UNAMSIL peacekeepers 20 21 didn't appear to see us there. Again, the same position. 22 Overall, the Prosecution would suggest we're not there, and we 23 agree. PRESIDING JUDGE: Of course, when it comes to diminished 24 25 responsibility or lack of [indiscernible]. That's not on. 26 MR JORDASH: I think that might be something for counsel rather than the accused. 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: You have given your position on this? 28 MR NICOL-WILSON: Yes. 29

1 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. Now, let's move on to the length 2 of the Defence case. The inquiry now is what is the anticipated 3 length of the Defence case for each accused person. Mr Jordash, 4 do you want to, again, give us an approximation? 5 MR JORDASH: Yes. I've had in my mind, for some time, to try to do the Defence case in between three to four months. 6 7 Again, I do not see the value in dragging out a Defence case, 8 simply to make it long. I can see a definite value in trying to 9 get everything done within four months. 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Nicol-Wilson, is your anticipated 11 length? 12 MR NICOL-WILSON: Your Honours, we're looking at 90 trial 13 days. 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ninety trial days. Mr Jordash, what are 15 your instructions in respect of the third accused, if any? MR JORDASH: Too early to say, I think, is their position. 16 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: Next item is filing of Defence materials. 18 It is the Chamber's disposition to require each Defence team to 19 file certain materials concerning the presentation of Defence 20 case. In particular, the Chamber intends to order the Defence to 21 file a list of witnesses that the Defence intends to call, containing, for instance, a detailed summary of the witnesses' 22 intended testimony; the points of counts of the indictment to 23 24 which each witness will testify, as well as a list of exhibits. 25 Are there any comments from the parties concerning this? This is 26 usually, based on one experience, the experience of the CDF, 27 usually an area of intense controversy. We might just hear your thoughts, both sides. You first, Mr Jordash. 28 MR JORDASH: I will make sure the materials are as complete 29

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1 as the Prosecution's.

2 JUDGE ITOE: As what?

3 MR JORDASH: As complete and as comprehensive as the4 Prosecution's.

5 JUDGE ITOE: That's our concern, as a matter of fact, and when the Presiding Judge raises the issue of that domain being 6 7 controversial, it is because the general complaint by the 8 Prosecution is that the materials in the summaries, you know, are 9 not sufficient to enable them to apprehend the case that the 10 Defence intends to present. So that is why the Chamber has had 11 to use the word "detailed," you know. We've qualified it to be 12 detailed, because we don't want the experiences -- we want to 13 limit the contentions, you know, between the Defence and the 14 Prosecution, at least to a great extent. As you very well know, 15 it is not an obligation for you to disclose the statements of 16 Defence witnesses to the Prosecution, unless, of course, it comes 17 to a stage where the Trial Chamber has to use its discretion to 18 compel you to do so. So I think that I would not get to that 19 level if what is disclosed to the Defence, or, rather, to the Prosecution, is as detailed as it can be. So they can be able to 20 21 appreciate the nature of the evidence that you intend to call 22 through your witnesses.

23 MR JORDASH: Certainly.

JUDGE BOUTET: Mr Jordash, before you respond, as alluded to by my brother, Justice Itoe, it has been the practice in the other trial, and our approach, not to order the Defence to disclose witness statements, save and except when there were some difficulties, as such. It is still our intent not to order the disclosure of statements to the Prosecution. We expect along the

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lines, as Justice Itoe has mentioned, that the information will 1 2 be sufficient in the summary provided to allow the Prosecution, 3 in this case, to know, essentially, what a witness is about to speak, and that includes, obviously, matters that you contended 4 5 with all along about locations and whatever it is. I mean, the essential feature of the testimony or the content of the 6 7 testimony of a particular witness. We say this, because we have 8 some experience now, but in spite of that experience, it's been 9 positive, and we have not ordered a disclosure of a full and 10 complete statement in more than 95 per cent of the cases.

11 MR JORDASH: Certainly.

12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Clearly, to sum it up, this experience 13 has taught us that this is an area, because of the intense 14 controversy that has surrounded this particular practice, one of 15 the familiar accusations is that this is an area which has a high 16 potential of trial by ambush, and we probably, of course, have 17 dispelled that, that we don't think that any side at any one 18 particular time, in terms of exchange of materials is in any way 19 guilty of mala fides, but we just want you to know that the lack 20 of specificity in some of these summaries can lead to such 21 accusations being leveled. But we have always dealt with them in 22 the finest traditions of the profession that, clearly, no one has such intentions in terms of the judicial process. It is just 23 worth raising the issue. 24

25 MR JORDASH: The difficulty would appear to be that if one 26 takes the Prosecution's approach and takes their word as correct, 27 that the witnesses would appear to, during the process of 28 clarification, be prone to producing lots of new factual 29 assertions. We, taking the Prosecution at their word, would

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therefore anticipate the same happening with our witnesses. 1 2 While I don't intend to be facetious or difficult, as 3 Your Honours know, I have complained at length about notice and lost practically all my complaints and we have now a clear guide 4 5 as to what is appropriate notice of our respective cases. PRESIDING JUDGE: The other thing, of course, is that we 6 7 will accord, as the Bench is clearly obliged to do in the 8 interest of even-handed justice, accord to Defence witnesses the 9 same degree of latitude which we accorded the Prosecution under 10 the doctrine of orality. The only thing is that we are, in fact, 11 enjoining the Defence to provide the Prosecution with as 12 comprehensive summaries, as far as you can go. 13 MR JORDASH: May I say this finally: I see a value in 14 getting witnesses, finding out what they have to say, knowing 15 your case before you go to Court. PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, quite right. Well, we appreciate 16 17 that, certainly. 18 JUDGE ITOE: And, Mr Jordash, I think we would also advise, 19 you know, the members of the Defence teams to ensure they record 20 statements, you know, from these witnesses and that they have 21 them handy in the event of the Chamber seeking recourse to those statements if it ever comes to that level. Because we have had 22 experiences, as you now know, of the Prosecution going beyond the 23 summaries and asking, and applying to us, for the Defence to be 24 25 asked to produce a statement of a particular Defence witness. I 26 think it is a recognised practice now, that in the course of your 27 investigations, of course, you will be requested, or, rather, you will be required to record statements from your respective 28 29 Defence witnesses, for you to have them handy, in case, in the

event of the Tribunal seeking recourse to those statements, 1 2 should it become extremely necessary. Like Honourable Justice 3 Boutet has stated, we have hardly done this, but we have done this in a few instances. It could well be at your level that we 4 5 also exercise this privilege, this discretion, to order the production of one or two statements from one of your Defence 6 7 witnesses. And what I'm saying holds good for the other Defence 8 teams as well.

9 PRESIDING JUDGE: May we hear the Prosecution's
10 contributions to this issue? It's a very important issue, and
11 it's important to hear your side.

12 MR HARRISON: Yes. The concern is related to the timing as 13 well as the content. Just doing a quick addition of the 14 potential witnesses, it appears as if there are over 400 possible 15 witnesses. If the timing of the production of the list of 16 witnesses is such that one simply would not realistically have 17 the sufficient amount of time to carry out some kind of 18 preliminary investigation of the witnesses, then the purpose of 19 the list somewhat loses its utility. So it's a question of the earlier the production of the list, the more useful the list 20 21 becomes, because whatever questioning or whatever process the Prosecution would undertake to look into the evidence that's 22 likely to be adduced, can only be done with sufficient time to 23 24 carry out that task.

25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. The next item is 26 statements -- go ahead with your own contribution on this issue. 27 MR NICOL-WILSON: Yes, Your Honours, we intend to disclose 28 detailed summaries of statements, but then I want to seek a 29 clarification at this stage, as to whether the disclosure

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obligation is only to the Prosecution, or to the other co-accused 1 2 persons, because we think, as a matter of procedure, we will be 3 entitled to cross-examine witnesses summoned by the first accused and the third accused, and it is very possible that the first and 4 5 the third accused may have witnesses whose testimonies will have an impact on the second accused. So we're basically saying, even 6 7 though there is no legal obligation for disclosure, that could be 8 done --9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Well, let's hear if Mr Jordash wants to 10 intervene on that. 11 MR JORDASH: It's the subject of the special measures 12 application. We've applied for non-disclosure to the co-accused 13 on the same terms as applies to the Prosecution. So we'll be 14 seeking -- I forget the number of days we want to --15 JUDGE BOUTET: You're not objecting. What you're 16 suggesting is whatever time line is in place for the disclosure of the information, as such, would apply to the co-accused. In 17 18 other words, if it is disclosed, let's see, I think it is 21 days, I may be wrong in the numbers, but if it is 21 days, you're 19 saying that -- you're not objecting to disclosing to co-accused, 20 21 you're objecting as to the time limits of it.

MR JORDASH: Yes, exactly. I appreciate, from 22 Mr Nicol-Wilson, that he was applying for a decision now, whereas 23 I think it's subject to the special measures application. 24 25 JUDGE BOUTET: I understood his application, Mr Jordash, to 26 be more, in a sense, of if there is disclosure to the Prosecution, to the same extent, there should be disclosure to 27 the co-accused of the summary, not only of the list of witnesses, 28 29 but the summary of what they are about to say so they can prepare

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their own cross-examination. The same will apply to you, 1 2 obviously for witnesses they may call, because you will be 3 entitled to cross-examine these witnesses and, therefore, you 4 should know what they are to say about your client, for example. 5 MR JORDASH: I agree. 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: I think the position should be that there 7 should be disclosure to the other accused persons. 8 MR JORDASH: Yes, I agree. 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: It's good practice. Do you have anything 10 to say in respect of the third accused, Mr Jordash? MR JORDASH: I don't have instructions on that. But I 11 12 suspect their position will be the same. I suspect. 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: What you have articulated for the first 14 accused? 15 MR JORDASH: Yes. Can I just inform the Court, Mr Gbao does waive his right to be present. There was some 16 17 misunderstanding between the detention staff and Mr Gbao. He has 18 ticked the right box. PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. The document will, in fact, be --19 MR JORDASH: That's the box to waive his right to be 20 21 present. PRESIDING JUDGE: -- accepted with the necessary 22 corrections. Yes, Mr Nicol-Wilson. 23 24 MR NICOL-WILSON: I just want to give an indication as to 25 the time line in terms of filing of the Defence materials. As 26 in, we are suggesting first week of February. We are subject to a decision by the Court, but we just want to give an 27 indication --28 PRESIDING JUDGE: In other words, your proposal? 29

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MR NICOL-WILSON: Exactly, Your Honour. PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Jordash. MR JORDASH: It would have been nice if Mr Nicol-Wilson had discussed it with us, but it will depend, I submit, on when the trial is to commence. If it's not starting until May, then February is much too early. 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: We'll just make a note of that proposal. The next item is the statement of agreed and contested facts and issues. Pursuant to Rule 73ter of the Rules, the Trial Chamber may order the parties to file before the commencement of the Defence case a statement of admissions and matters not in dispute, as well a statement of contested matters of fact and law. Let's hear your comments, Mr Jordash, on that. MR JORDASH: I intend to apply to the Prosecution to agree, hopefully, a large number of facts in the next two months, provided Your Honours don't set a more limited timetable, and I hope it will be able to shorten the trial. I'm quite happy to indicate contested facts, although I hope it's clear from the nature of our cross-examination --JUDGE ITOE: And any issues relating to Bo as well, I suppose. MR JORDASH: Exactly. Yes, I intend, without an order of the Court, to apply for some agreed facts. PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. MR JORDASH: And, with an order of the Court, I would be more than content to indicate contested facts. JUDGE BOUTET: This is, certainly, a good area where co-operation, to an extent, without compromising your position,

29 is more than welcome and encouraged in that direction to come to

an agreement of what is and what is not disputed, as such, to 1 2 focus more on your examination-in-chief of your witnesses, and 3 the witnesses you are intending to call. I know in the number of witnesses, the number you have given, you're going wide at this 4 5 particular moment. Obviously the Prosecution agrees to many of the issues for which are, at this particular moment, your 6 7 potential witnesses. That list should be reduced. Your estimate 8 of three to four months hearing of your case will depend, 9 obviously, to a large extent, on some of these matters, matters 10 that, at this time, are not clear, but if you come to an 11 understanding as to it is or it is not in dispute, then your 12 examination-in-chief will be more focused and everybody will gain 13 from it. I can only, again, too, suggest that any movement in 14 that direction, and meeting, would bring positive results. They 15 are not only welcome, but strongly encouraged by the Bench. 16 MR JORDASH: I completely agree. May I say, for the 17 record, and it doesn't concern Mr Harrison or Mr Bangura, because 18 they weren't here, but I was somewhat astonished that the 19 Prosecution didn't proceed with specific and sensible suggestions 20 about agreed facts in their case at the beginning of this trial. 21 We may not have been here two years later if that had been done 22 at that stage. There was a suggestion, but the suggestion was: Will you agree that you're guilty of the offences on the 23 indictment, which, clearly, is not a negotiating position. The 24 25 agreed facts we will seek from the Prosecution will, hopefully, 26 be sensible and, hopefully, based largely upon their own 27 evidence.

28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. Thanks. Mr Nicol-Wilson, your 29 position.

1 MR NICOL-WILSON: Your Honours, we intend to hold 2 consultations with the Prosecution in order to have certain facts 3 agreed upon and state our position on certain issues that we do 4 contest. 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. MR NICOL-WILSON: And then just to briefly go back and 6 7 revisit the indication I gave as to the time, at which we will be 8 in a position to file our Defence materials, I gave that 9 indication so as to assist the Court in a determination as to 10 when the trial should start, rather than the other way around, 11 because all we have at the moment are just rumours. 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: We will factor it appropriately where we 13 think it is necessary to have it factored. Mr Jordash, do you 14 have anything new to say in respect of the third accused? 15 MR JORDASH: I'm afraid I don't have instructions on that. PRESIDING JUDGE: What's the disposition of the Prosecution 16 on this issue of agreed facts? Any short response that you have? 17 18 MR HARRISON: No, we would be --PRESIDING JUDGE: More than happy. 19 MR HARRISON: Yes, pleased to review any suggestions that 20 21 any of the accused may have. PRESIDING JUDGE: In other words, this is an area which is 22 fertile for cooperation between the Prosecution and the Defence. 23 24 MR HARRISON: Yes, I think you're right. 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: On the issue of opening statements, the 26 records show that the second accused took the opportunity of 27 making an opening statement at the start of the trial, in accordance with Rule 84 of the Rules. Will the Defence for the 28 first accused avail itself of that Rule 84 option? 29

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MR JORDASH: Yes. In relation to the third accused --1 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: We remember that, in the case of the 3 third accused, there was an opportunity to make an opening statement. At some point in time, because of the way that the 4 5 third accused was proceeding, that opportunity was aborted, because it veered away from making a statement relating to the 6 7 evidence in response to the Prosecution's position, and rather 8 became almost a statement which was of a political nature, and 9 the Bench was certainly not prepared to listen to a political 10 statement. The question, of course, is if you're speaking for 11 the third accused now, how do you see us navigating this 12 particular -- did he really afford himself of the opportunity to 13 make a statement, and an opening statement, in respect of his 14 case, or did he not? Let's hear your thoughts on that. I know 15 you haven't considered this, but your random thoughts can be of 16 assistance. 17 MR JORDASH: Well, he had the opportunity, and he was going 18 to avail himself of the opportunity, but, I would submit, didn't, 19 because it was an approach which didn't find favour with the 20 Court. 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: And wasn't within the compass of Rule 84. MR JORDASH: Exactly. And I would submit on his behalf 22 that he ought to be able to give one, concentrating on the 23 24 evidence, as is the requirement.

25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Well let me hear the Prosecution on that.
26 You remember the sequence of events. I don't know whether you
27 were here, but I remember very vividly, because we thought,
28 really, the statement was heavily political and was not
29 appropriate within the context of Rule 84. What would be your

1 response to Mr Jordash's?

2 MR HARRISON: He may be right. I don't know. I'd have to 3 review the trial transcript.

PRESIDING JUDGE: I recall very vividly the sequence of events, because I think at some stage I intervened to say we are not a Court of politics, we are a Court of law. Of course, we will take a position on that, and we'll take it under advisement. I just wanted to hear what your thoughts are.

9 MR HARRISON: The Prosecution would certainly take the view 10 that Mr Jordash has been, perhaps, caught off the cuff to make a 11 response, and should Mr Cammegh or Mr O'Shea wish to, either in 12 writing or orally, address the Court, if we had some notice, we 13 could then give the Court some guidance on what the Prosecution's 14 position might be. As I'm speaking to the Court right now, I 15 can't tell you with any clarity precisely what happened that day, 16 what was uttered, the extent of what was uttered and what the 17 consequences of such utterances should be.

18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Right.

JUDGE BOUTET: Mr Jordash, when you were speaking about that, are you -- we're not making any decision on that, we'll see, but if he were given the opportunity, are you suggesting he will avail himself of that opportunity and make an opening statement? Are these the instructions you have? MR JORDASH: Yes. The words used by Mr O'Shea were, "In

25 principle, yes" they would avail themselves of that opportunity.

26 JUDGE BOUTET: Thank you.

JUDGE ITOE: Mr Harrison, you are expressing some doubts.
I think that what the Presiding Judge has stated was the truth of
the situation, and that is that he was interrupted, because he

1 went hyper political in the presentation of his opening 2 statement. I remember; I was the Presiding Judge then. We 3 stopped him, and he didn't go into the substance of what he was 4 supposed to say within the confines of Rule 84, so I think that, 5 with this, we should be able to situate ourselves on whether he 6 should be given the opportunity to come back and take advantage 7 of the provisions of Rule 84. I think the Chamber will come to a 8 decision on that. 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Before we go on to 10 outstanding motions and appeals, and then any other business, 11 perhaps, Mr Jordash, we can, from the Bench perspective, at this 12 point we can ask you and your colleagues the million-dollar 13 question: When do you want to start? 14 MR JORDASH: I say this with some mild embarrassment, 15 because we don't want to start until April. PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Nicol-Wilson? 16 MR NICOL-WILSON: This is one of the few positions in which 17 18 we are in agreement. We also want to start in April. PRESIDING JUDGE: Now, Mr Jordash, speaking for the third 19 accused, would your position change? What are your instructions? 20 21 MR JORDASH: Words used were, "Agreeable to April." PRESIDING JUDGE: That's helpful. 22 MR JORDASH: Their position was that they had to play 23 second fiddle to the first accused. 24 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Very well. Does the Prosecution want to factor in any proposal here? Remember we're all interested in 26 27 the concept of effective trial management and such concepts that 28 have come to hunt us in our judicial processes, judicial economy, 29 and trial efficiency, and all that. What is your response to

1 their own proposal?

2 MR HARRISON: Well, the short answer is that we had thought 3 that Defence counsel wanted to start in January, by virtue of 4 comments made prior to the start of the last session.

5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes.

MR HARRISON: It was the Prosecution's hope that the trial 6 7 would start in January, at some point in time. I didn't know, 8 and perhaps others did, but I certainly didn't know that the 9 Defence was now looking at an April date.

10 PRESIDING JUDGE: From the Chamber's perspective, we had 11 nothing firm, in terms of our own thoughts, because there were 12 other competing interests and assignments and so we had kept an 13 open mind on this, but what we wanted to do was to dispel this 14 rumourmongering, just to have some indications what you might 15 think would be appropriate. You say you'd hoped that it would 16 start January, and they're proposing they're proposing April. We 17 just want some kind of --

18 MR HARRISON: The Prosecution isn't trying to barter over 19 this.

PRESIDING JUDGE: No. 20

21 MR HARRISON: We simply had thought the Defence was wishing to start in January, and we were trying to organise things to be 22 consistent with that. If they are now suggesting April, again, 23 24 if it is at all possible, in the Court's view, to start the trial 25 earlier than April -- if the Defence does think that it is 26 possible to start earlier than April, that is the Prosecution's 27 very firm wish. 28

PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. Okay.

29 MR HARRISON: If the Defence is not ready, then the Defence

1 is not ready.

2 PRESIDING JUDGE: Well, there are so many factors that are
3 going to be computed into this very complex equation, but these
4 are all thoughts and ideas.

5 JUDGE BOUTET: Mr Jordash, when you are suggesting April 6 being what you are aiming for, Easter is in April some time. I'm 7 not sure if it's the first week or second week, and we normally 8 have a break. April, you mean after the Easter recess? That's 9 basically what you're aiming at. I don't have a calendar in 10 front of me, but I think Easter is fairly early in April.

PRESIDING JUDGE: I think Easter would probably use up about two weeks of April, according to my own understanding of when the Easter recess will be declared.

MR JORDASH: Yes. I anticipate we would be ready for the beginning of April, but, obviously, it would have to be practically --

PRESIDING JUDGE: That's why I say there are so many
factors. The recess comes in. The records will reflect these
suggestions and proposals, and hopes and expectations.

MR JORDASH: Yes. I am sorry about any misleading of --20 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: No, no. I don't think we, in fact, ever thought about that. We just felt that because we had a vacuum 22 here, and we were pre-occupied with the other case, and also 23 24 trying to get the Rule 98 situation quickly out of the way, we 25 didn't have time to ourselves to focus on any definitive 26 position, and so that caused a lot of rumourmongering, but we 27 don't hold anybody responsible.

28 MR JORDASH: I obviously would have preferred to start29 in January, because Mr Sesay has been in custody for a long time,

but there are certain things which have to be done to get ready,
 and we're racing against time.

3 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay. Well, outstanding motions/appeals. Outstanding motions, there is one. The Sesay Defence motion for 4 5 immediate protective measures for witnesses and victims and for non-public disclosure. There is also an application for leave to 6 7 appeal the decision on Defence motion to request the Trial 8 Chamber to rule that the Prosecution moulding of evidence is 9 impermissible. There is also the Prosecution application for 10 leave to appeal majority decision on oral objection taken by 11 counsel for the third accused to the admissibility of portions of 12 the evidence of witness TF1-371. There is also an application 13 for leave to appeal decision, given on the 3rd of August 2006, on 14 Defence motion for clarification and for a ruling that the 15 Defence has been denied cross-examination opportunities, and 16 there is also one confidential motion to vary protective 17 measures.

The Chamber is also seized of a confidential and expert application. All I can say, at this stage, these pending motions are under active deliberation and decisions will issue in due course. According to the records, there's no outstanding motion pending before the Appeals Chamber. Are there any other matters which counsel wish to raise for the good of the Special Court, for the interests of justice in general?

25 MR JORDASH: Only the issue I mentioned earlier concerning 26 the Registry.

27 PRESIDING JUDGE: The Registrar. Yes, well, your intention
28 is that we go into closed session; is that your wish?
29 MR JORDASH: Yes, please. I don't think it's a matter

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1 which concerns either the co-accused or the Prosecution. If I 2 indicate it concerns the ill health of a member of Mr Sesay's 3 family, perhaps that indicates to everyone it's an issue which is 4 solely concerned with the first accused. 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. Let me take you through it a 6 little. Do you want to disclose specifics? 7 MR JORDASH: I'd rather not. 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. Well, if you don't want to disclose 9 specifics, let me just throw this out as a possible way of 10 approaching this issue: Is it a matter upon which you are 11 requesting some judicial pronouncement, or directive, or order, 12 or is it something for the information of the Bench? 13 MR JORDASH: Information. PRESIDING JUDGE: Information of the Bench. So it means 14 15 that if you gave the Bench the information in the presence of the public, you might be divulging something that you don't think --16 MR JORDASH: It's for Mr Sesay's privacy. [Overlapping] 17 18 speakers]. PRESIDING JUDGE: Well, in that regard, we'll have to move 19 into closed session. Learned counsel for the other accused 20 21 persons, do you have any issues that you want to bring to our attention under the rubric of any other matters? 22 MR NICOL-WILSON: No, Your Honour. 23 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Prosecution, is there any other thing 25 that you want to bring to our attention? 26 MR HARRISON: No, thank you. 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: In that regard, then, we'll release you and then constitute a closed session to hear what Mr Jordash 28 29 wants to bring to the attention of the Bench. So you're

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released. Members of the public are released, too. [At this point in the proceedings, a portion of the transcript, pages 40 to 43, was extracted and sealed under separate cover, as the proceeding was heard in a closed session]

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1	[Open Session]
2	PRESIDING JUDGE: This concludes the status conference
3	proceeding.
4	[Whereupon the Status Conference adjourned
5	at 11.10 a.m.]
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